## LAST OPEN SUNDAY

Not Any Better Attended Than Any Other Open Sundays.

IT WAS A BENEFIT DAY, TOO.

The Gate Receipts Will Go Into the Fund For the Benefit of the Sufferers From the Cold Storage Fire - Other Events Occurring on the Fair Grounds.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The last open Sunday of the world's fair exposition did not show any improvement upon other Sundays in point of attendance. but as nearly all passholders paid the entrance fee of 50 cents, the fund for the benefit of the sufferers from the cold storage fire was increased in a substantial way.

stantial way.

The morning was uncomfortably warm, but a shower at noon cooled the atmosphere a few degrees. The pass gates were almost entirely ignored, the holders of the photographic privileges in nearly every instance buying a piece of pasteboard bearing the words, "Admit one, benefit of the sufferers of the cold storage fire." The crowd which the evening was expected to bring out the evening was expected to bring out did not materialize.

The outward appearance of the fair did not differ in any respect from that of last Sunday save for the emblems of of last Sunday save for the emblems of mourning on the engine houses and the flags at half mast. Nearly all of the displays made by foreign exhibitors in manufacturers' building were draped while many American exhibits were closed. The greatest number of visitors thronged the art palace, the Krupp con exhibit and the convent. The gun exhibit and the convent. The Plaisance which always holds the Sunday crowds was a busy place all day and impressed upon the concessionaries more firmly than ever the idea that their part of the fair should be kept

open.

Music was furnished during the afternoon and evening by the Cincinnati,
Chicago and Iowa State bands, this
feature of "Heroes' day" being much
enjoyed and appreciated by moderatelysized crowds.

Rev. L. P. Mercer of the New Church temple spoke at festival hall during the afternoon on the subject, "How Readest Thou?" The attendance was not large, the warm weather no doubt keeping many away.

Professor Tomlins directed a portion

of the Apollo club which sang the hymns and Arthur Maas was at the organ. The platform and pulpit were draped in black. Mr. Mercer took his text from Luke xxv, 26: "And behold a certain lawyer stood up and tempted him, saying 'Master, what shall I do to inherit eternal life.' Ee said unto him. 'what is written in the law? how readest thou?'"

The sermon was a good one, having, however, but little mention of the he roes of the recent fire, except at the close where the speaker eulogized the memory of the dead men and said the occurrence had brought to mind the fact that it was sometimes harder to die than to live. He knew their souls would rest in peace after the terrible ordeal they had passed through to reach the kingdom of heaven.

A space about 20 feet square in the rotunds of the administration, building directly under the great dome is enclosed by a strong iron fence. has begun on a model of the United States treasury at Washington to be made of Columbian coins, and erected within the enclosure. The work will continue several days and when complete a strong force of guards will guard the precious edifice night and

day.

The paid admissions during the day were 49,401. It is estimated that the relief fund by concessionaries will amount to \$5,000, which added to the proceeds from ticket sales will swell the fund by about \$30,000.

More Dissatisfied Visitors. There is war among the reaper and harvest exhibitors at the world's fair. All the mower and harvester exhibitors of the United States with one single exception have risen in revolt against the plans of John Boyd Thacher, and united in an ultimatum withdrawing their exhibits from competition unless a radical change be made in the program. Trouble has been brewing for several days over the announcement on July 8 that the harvesting exhibitors must be prepared for a field trial on July 17 at Wayne, Ills. All the exhibitors except a Chicago firm have joined in a protest to Mr. Thacher, claiming that field trials are expensive and unsatisfactory, and that insufficient notice has been given.



DESK MADE FROM THE FLOOR OF LIBBY

NATIONAL G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT. Indications of an Extraordinary Attendance of Veterans.

Indianapolis, July 17 .- Commanderin-Chief Weissert, Adjutant General Gray and H. S. Dietrich, of the council of administration, representing the national G. A. R., were here conferring with the local encampment authorities. Commander Weissert said that the vet-erans all over the Union where he has been are enthusiastic over the outlook been are enthusiastic over the outlook of the coming encampment, and that they would probably turn out here in larger numbers than at any previous encampment. A number of details relating to the encampment were discussed, and the official program was drawn up. The program includes the meeting of the Naval Veterans' association, and is as follows:

Friday. Sept. 1—Reception of the

Friday, Sept. 1—Reception of the naval veterans on the Kearsarge. Saturday—Parade of the naval vet-Sunday-The naval veterans at di-

wine service.

Monday—Arrival of the G. A. R. and escort to quarters. Meeting of the Naval Veterans' association. At night electric and natural gas displays and campfires at Tomlinson hall. Governor Matthews' reception to the commander-in-chief and the department officers at

the statehouse. Tuesday—G. A. R. parade. The parade will be about seven hours in passing a given point. The Naval Veterans and Sons of Veterans will act as guards of honor. Reunions will be held after the parade. At night the W. R. C. will hold a reception at Tomlinson ball, and a display of fireworks will be held in

the eastern part of the city.
Wednesday — National encampment G. A. R. meet at Tomlinson hall. W. R. C., Ladies of the G. A. R., Daughters of Veterans, N. T. C. C. guards, army corps, division and bri-gade reunions will be held. At night campfires and receptions will be held. Thursday — Meetings and reunions will be continued. At night the war

pageantry.
Friday—The sessions of the national bodies will continue. At night the fare-well reception will be held.

The commander-in-chief announced that Sept. 9 had been set aside as G. A. R. day at the world's fair. An effort will be made to have the fair open the Sunday following.

IN A SWOLLEN STREAM.

Four Persons Lose Their Lives at Mount Vernon, Ind.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 17.—A tragedy occurred at Mount Vernon, Posey county, in which four persons lost their lives. There is a small stream running through the town called Mill Creek. The depth of the water on ordinary occasions is from two to four feet, and

the water is frequently forded.

A heavy rain fell, and shortly after the water ceased to fall Mill creek became well filled, and the current was very strong. Adam Allis, a school teacher, and family, reside near the little stream. Willie, an 8-year-old son, was at play near the stream with Willie, the 9-year-old son of W. L. Boyce, chairman of the Republican county central committee. While looking out of her back door Mrs. Allis saw her son fall into the water, and, rushing down, found the little fellow struggling for life.

Mrs. Allis sprang into the water, and soon found herself unable to reach her son, and helpless in the rushing cur-Mrs. Allis called for aid, and a daughter, Miss Anna, about 16, went to aid her mother, and before others could reach the scene the three were drowned in the narrow stream, and their bodies disappeared from view. It did not develop until some hours later that young Boyce was with Allis and was also lost. Mr. Boyce is in Wyom-

Evangelical Lutherans.

BROOKLYN, July 17.—A convention of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of America was held in the Swedish Bethlehem church. Bishop Von Sceele de-livered the principal address. According to the secretary's report the church has 175,000 members, 740 congregations, 870 ordained ministers, six colleges, three hospitals and one theological seminary. The convention is in cele-bration of the 800th anniversary of the adoption of the doctrines of reformation by the Swedish people.

Meeting of Railroad Men. PITTSBURG, July 17.—Delegates representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Switchmen's Mutual Aid association and Order of Railway Conductors met in this city and formed a federation, the object of which is mutual protection and aid. The Order of Railway Telegraphers are to be in-cluded in the federation at the next meeting, to be held in Pitteburg on Sunday, Aug. 27.

The President's Sunday.

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., July 17.— President Cleveland passed a very quiet day at Gray Gables. The wind was very fresh in the forenoon, but as it quieted down in the afternoon the weather became extremely hot. The president and family spent pretty much of the whole day on the veranda.

Contractor Wants His Money. FINDLAY, O., July 17.—C. G. Patterson, principal contractor for the construction of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western railroad, has filed a lien against the property of said company, claiming a balance due him for work not called for by his contract amounting to \$342,296.92.

Two More Victims. PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 18.—Christopher Keppell, aged 18, and John Keppell, aged 26, residing in Central Falls, were drowned in Cranberry pond, North Attleboro, while bathing. The bodies were recovered.

## GERMAN ARMY BILL.

It Passes the Reichstag and Is Now a Law

MAJORITY OF ONLY SIXTEEN.

Monarch Triamph Over the People and the Reichstag Is at Once Closed. Rumors of Trouble in Egypt-Other Foreign Dispatches.

BERLIN, July 17 .- The army bill was passed by the reichstag by a majority of 16, the vote standing 201 in favor of the measure to 185 against it. After the bill had finally been adopted the reichstag was declared closed.

The opposition organs contend that the majority of 16 in favor of the bill is not large enough to cause the governis not large enough to cause the government to exult, especially as it was won by the chancellor giving pledges to the agrarians and anti-Semites that will certainly give him trouble to fulfill. But the government, with reason, does exult, while its opponents fail to conceal their chagrin. Vexation and disappointment were plainly manifested throughout hostile speeches. The emperor is delighted with the passage of the bill, and rumor has it that he will confer upon Chancellor Caprivi the dignity of a prince. nity of a prince.

The initial expenditures arising from the operations of the new military law will be covered by a loan of 48,000,000 marks. This loan has been approved by the budget committee.

Eastern affairs are again exciting anxiety in the German foreign office. Reports from St. Petersburg state that a Russian squadron is going to Toulon and thence to the Levant, when the French fleet, already there, will be reinforced. The Khedive of Egypt, on his visit to the Sultan of Turkey, will urge the latter to use his suzerain rights to send a contingent of Turkish troops to Cairo. Members of the diplomatic to Cairo. Members of the diplomatic corps blame the policy in Egypt which permits the khedive to openly operate against England.

Anti-Jewish Mob.

St. Petersburg, July 18.—The Jews of Yalta, in the Crimea, refuse to obey the decree to retire within the pale. For several days the clergy exhorted the rest of the population to rise and expel them. Last week anti-Jew mob took possession of the streets, broke in-to houses occupied by Jews and tried to drive the occupants from the town.
The Jews fought back. Dozens were
dragged into the streets and were
beaten. Many were killed. The houses owned by Jews were plundered and wrecked. Troops were called to the town to restore order. None of the rioters were killed and but few were

Rumors of Trouble in Egypt.

VALETTA, Malta., July 17. — The British battleship Inflexible, mounting guns, has been ordered immediately from this port to Alexandria, Egypt. She will start at once. It is presumed that the hurried dispatch of the Inflexible is owing to disturbances that have broken out in Alexandria. No details of the trouble are known

America Again Ahead.

LONDON, July 17 .- The American champion swimmer, McCusker, defeated easily the ex-champion English swimmer, Finney, at Black Pool. The match was for £200 a side. McCusker has been challenged by the English swimmer. Nuttall, to race one mile, for

Rare Collection of Books. BERLIN, July 19 .- The library collected in Goettingen by the orientalist

Lagarde, now dead, has been bought for the university of the city of New York. The library contains many rare

Death in the Bull Ring.

Madrid, July 17. — Banderillero, named Lobito, was gored in the bull ring at San Fernandi, Isla De Leon, and died half an hour afterwards.

TO SAVE A LIFE.

Such an Effort on the Part of a Train Crew Causes a Collision.

WASHINGON, July 17 .- A freight train collision occurred near here yesterday under unusual conditions. The crew of an outgoing train saw a man lying near the track apparently injured, and in accordance with the rules of the road the train was stopped and an investigation made. It was found that the man was unconscious from a wound in the head and a fractured leg.

He was placed in the caboose, but before the train could be started another freight, also outward bound, came along and crashed into the standing cars. The men in the caboose had not time to remove the body of the injured man, barely escaping from the wreck themselves by jumping. By rare good fortune the collision did not aggavate the injuries of the victim. He was brought to the city and placed in a hospital and has somewhat improved. He has been identified as William Leonard. a cigarmaker living in this city. How he received his original injuries has not

Tragedy in a Penitentiary.

JACKSON. Miss., July 17.—Henry Singleton, a negro, serving a life term in the penitentiary, killed Lulu Payne, a female convict, by stabbing her repeat-edly with a file. He made the attack while the female convicts were getting water at the cistern. Ex-State Treasurer Hemmingway, a convict, who is also a trusty man and guard, disarmed him, as they thought, but he drew a razor and cut his throat repeatedly. He will probably die. Jealously prompted the attack.

RUNNING DOWN LEPERS. Hawalian Troops and Sick Colonists May

Engage in a Unique Battle. San Francisco, July 17.—The steam-

ship Peru, which left Honolulu July 7, brings the following:

The steamer Waialeale arrived on July 4, bringing 15 lepers and official

dispatches to the government from the expeditions sent to the Valley of Kalalua to capture the leper-murderer of Sheriff Stolz, and remove the remaining lepers from the Island of Molokai. The expedition reached Kalalua valley on July 1. Martial law was at once pro-claimed, and all outlets from the valley were closed with extra guards. Fifteen lepers surrendered to the expedition at Hanalel, two lepers had already been captured at Waimea Pass by the police. These had been driven off the valley by the leper Koolau, because they refused to join and fight the government forces.

Koolau the leper murderer accompany

Koolau, the leper murderer, accompanied by seven others, four men, two women and one child, have retreated up the side of a steep valley, where they are hiding, and declare they will make a stand if followed up by the make a stand if followed up by the troops. Koolau told a leper spy that they could escape over a trail known only to the lepers provided they could reach it; otherwise they would fight to the last and then kill themselves before they would surrender. On July 5 orders were forwarded by the steamer Iwalani to bring the lepers in dead or alive.

The government expects the steamer Iwalani tomorrow or next Sunday, bringing the last of the Kanal lepers, who have defied the government for the past 10 years. All will be removed to the settlement at Molokai at once. President Dole announces that the gov ernment will hereafter carry out a strict policy of segregation. The steamer Pile has just arrived from Kalalua. and reports that the troops have advanced up the valley. No fighting has occurred. Another report says Koolan and the lepers are surrounded in a cave on the hillside and a battle is imminent. If an attack is made, some are sure to

CLEVELAND'S BIRTHPLACE.

The Town of Caldwell, N. J., Celebrates a Revolutionary Event.

CALDWELL, N. J., July 17.—Caldwell day was celebrated with a monster picnic on a hill in the rear of the village. Among the speakers were Abram S. Hewitt of New York and Stewart L.

Woodford of Brooklyn.

It was hoped that President Cleve-land would be present, as he was born in this village, and wrote some weeks ago that he would try to be on hand. A few days ago, however, he sent a letter stating that his health would not permit of the journey from Buzzard's

Bay.
Caldwell day is in honor of the Rev.
James Caldwell, the "fighting parson" of revolutionary fame, after whom the town is named. British troops burned his church in Elizabeth, and the minister had to flee for refuge to Connecticut farms near the present site of Plainfield.

There, near the close of the war, Mrs. Caldwell was shot dead by a Hessian who had climbed over the fence. The parson, too, was afterward shot dead by a sentry. Many of their desendants still live in this vicinity.

BACK FROM HEAVEN.

A Woman Given Up For Dead Revives and May Recover.

ELOOMINGTON, Ills., July 17 .- Mrs. F. H. McIntosh, the young wife of a professional man of Bloomington, has for nearly a week been at the point of death. Several days ago she was given up by her physicians, and on two occasions, following sinking spells, the report went about the city that she was

Sunday morning she had another sinking spell and apparently departed this life. Her husband, her parents and her children and friends were gathered weeping about her bed, when suddenly the apparently dead woman came back to life, and in a few moments spoke in clear and distinct tones.

She said that she had been in heaven and talked with Christ and that the Savior had said to her that she could return to earth for a time. She added that she knew that she would now live. She has continued to improve and her friends how believe that she will be restored to health.

RETIRED NAVY OFFICER DEAD. Death of Rear Admiral Earl English at Washington.

Washington, July 17.—Rear Admiral Earl English, retired, died at his residence in Washington, yesterday, aged 69 years. He was appointed to the naval academy from New Jersey in 1840 and served 46 years, retiring in 1866. He was at the capture of Mazat-lan, Mex., in 1847, and remained there until the close of the war.

He was made lieutenant commander in 1862, and served throughout the civil war, being employed principally in the Gulf of Mexico and the sounds of North Carolina, commanding at different periods the Somerset, Sagamore and Wyalusing. He was made rear admiral in 1884, at which time he resigned the position of chief of the bureau of equipment and recruiting, which he had held for six years, and took command of the European station. Admiral English left a widow and two daughters, both married.

PORTSMOUTH, O., July 17.—Patrick Foley reported to the police department that his venerable mother, Mrs. Catherine Foley, aged 94 years, was strangely missing. She left his home last Wednesday. She was last seen near the outskirts of the city. A searching party has been organized. The old lady was the oldest resident of the county.

## A REIGN OF TERROR.

One Has Been Inaugurated In Montana.

IN THE SILVER MINE REGION.

The Closing Down of the Mines Has Thrown Over Five Thousand Men Out of Employment, and Robbery Is Resorted To - Barbaric Methods Employed in Which & Woman Was the Victim.

HELENA, Mon., July 17 .- The closing down of the silver mines at Granite and Phillipsburg, where the granite mountain and bimetallic mines, the two greatest silver producers in the state are located, has resulted in the inauguration of a reign of terror in the two camps. Some 5,000 men have been employed in the mines and mills there and a large majority of these are of foreign birth.

When the mines first closed the miners made a run upon the banks. Many were paid their money, but one of the Phillipsburg banks, thoroughly solvent, but without enough ready cash to meet an immediate settlement, was forced to close its doors. Having got the savings in hand, they made no better use of it than to squander it. One man with a sum of nearly \$200 placed

it temporarily in possession of a woman et Granite for safekeeping. Subsequently calling for it, the woman denied all knowledge of it. Exasperated, the owner, with several companions proceeded to force the woman using barbaric methods to compel restitution. Her hands were tied, her face clashed and disfigured, and as a final resort coal oil was poured on her and the threat of burning her alive was about to be carried out. Then the woman weakened and told the hiding place of the money and recovery was effected.

Two days ago an unprotected woman named Ivy about midnight heard a loud knocking at the door, and on opening it she was confronted by two masked men with revolvers, who demanded her money and valuables. One hundred and ninety-five dollars belonging to a man named Mitchell, who was boarding at the house, had been left with Mrs. Ivy for safekeeping. This money they compelled the woman to hand over, threatening to shoot her if she refused.

SENSATIONAL ARREST.

Another Chapter in the Elmira National Bank Failure.

ELMIRA, N. Y., July 17.—Caesar J. Bush of the defunct Elmira National bank has been arrested at his home here upon a warrant issued by United States Commissioner Davidson upon complaint of ex-Congressman H. H. Rockwell, representing Jackson Richardson, president of the bank, and a number of depositors.

In his affidavit upon which the warrant was issued Mrs. Rockwell alleges that when the last quarterly report of the bank was made, on Mny 4, the bank's overdrafts were named as \$18,-612.53, when in fact, Colonel Robinson's overdraft amounted to \$48,000, that on or about May 6, Mr. Bush gave to the head bookkeeper three notes amounting to \$54,000, which Mr. Bush directed him to credit to Colonel Robinson's ac-

It is charged that these notes were made in New York on May 6, and were signed by unknown parties whose identity as never yet been established, that the notes were worthless and were thus transferred to Colonel Robinson's account for the purpose of deceiving and defrauding the stockholders and de positors.
Mr. Bush was arraigned before

United States Commissioner Davidson and pleaded not guilty to the charge, and bail in the sum of \$10,000 was given.

The arrest was unexpected, and has created the greatest sensation since the closing of the bank.

FELL AMONG THIEVES.

A Boy Robbed and Fatally Beaten by Tramps.

Paris, Ky., July 17 .- Will Matthews. about 20 years of age, was found at Cunningham Station, six miles above this city, in an unconscious condition and brought to Paris by H. Clay Whalev.

He partially recovered consciousness, and states to Dr. Roberts, who is atand states to Dr. Roberts, who is attending him, that he started from Georgetown with three tramps, and that they beat and robbed him of \$7 and a pair of shoes. He was attacked with rocks; his head mashed nearly to a jelly, face and body terribly bruised and body terribly bruis and his finger nails nearly mashed off. Matthews claims to be from Memphis. He will likely die.

MINERS' TROUBLES.

Bloodshed Feared in the Southeast Kan-

sas Coal Mine District. TOPEKA, July 17 .- It will be difficult to prevent bloodshed in the southeast Kansas coal mine district. Strikers march from shaft to shaft denouncing the mine owners and miners who are at work in the vilest language. Walters, leader of the strikers, openly advocates bloodshed if necessary to gain his point. He has incited strikers to seriously beat several men who wanted to

Dispatches from Pittsburg say that trouble is expected. Captain O. S. Casad, commanding the militia company at Pittsburg, has received orders to hold his men in readiness for any possible contingency.

General Jardine Dead. New York, July 17.—General Jar-dine died at 1 o'clock Saturday after-